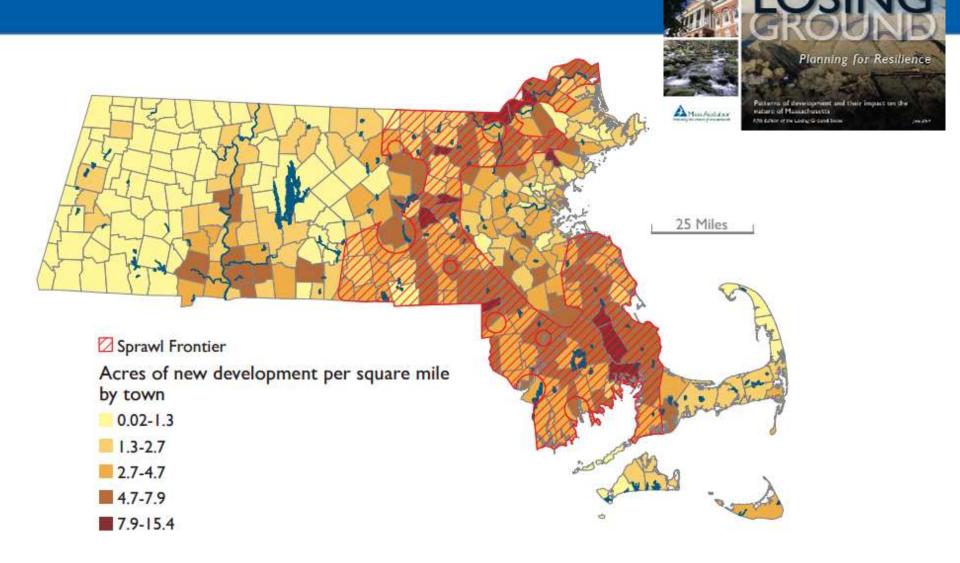
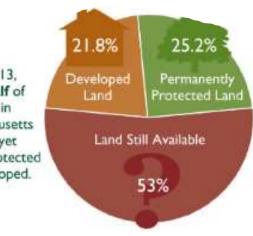


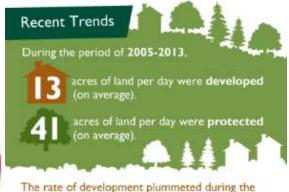
## **Losing Ground**



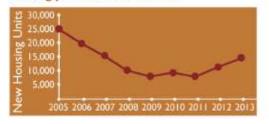
## **Losing Ground**

As of 2013, over half of the land in Massachusetts had not yet been protected or developed.





The rate of development plummeted during the recent **Great Recession**. Lately, however, **new housing permits** are on the rise.



#### Planning for the Future





of the remaining unprotected land is of high conservation value.

(BioMap 2)

As development pressures increase, we can plan our land use for both a **strong economy** and a **safe**, **healthy environment**.

# Shaping the Future of Your Community

- Created in response to Losing Ground
- Works with communities to implement sustainable development and increase conservation efforts – especially in "sprawl frontier"



## Climate Change



## Climate Change Adaptation

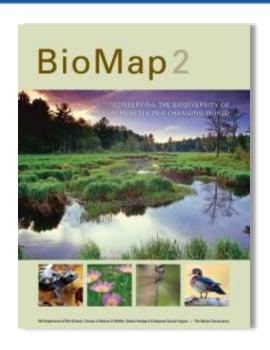
- How do we help ecosystems and species cope with and adapt to these changes?
- How do we avoid or reduce impacts to infrastructure?

Conserve resilient places – and restore resilience where it's lost

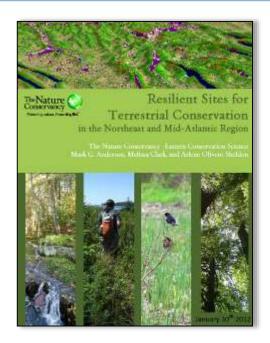


Where are these resilient places?

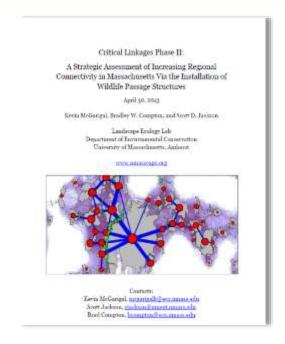
# MAPPR: Mapping And Prioritizing Parcels for Resilience



**BioMap2:** Habitat, Biodiversity



**TNC Resilience:** Climate Adaptation



**Critical Linkages:** Ecological Connectivity

- Parcel Size
- Block Size

- Adjacent to Protected Land
- Under-protected Settings

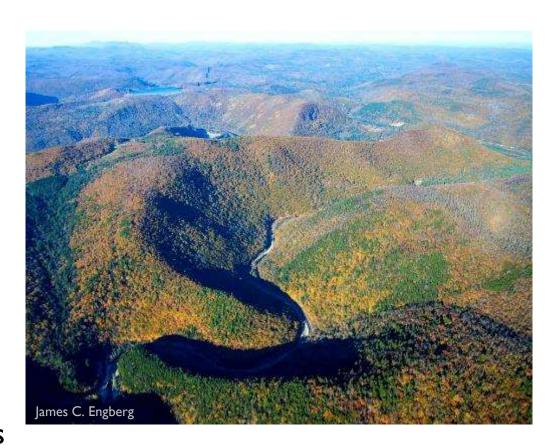
**Resilience:** The capacity to absorb disturbance and reorganize while retaining the same basic function, structure and identity.

### Landscape Complexity

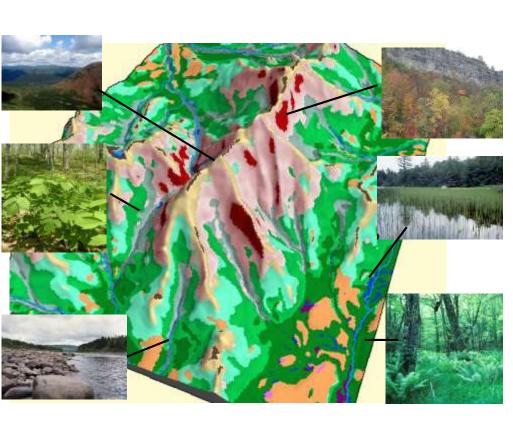
Number of microclimates are found in the area

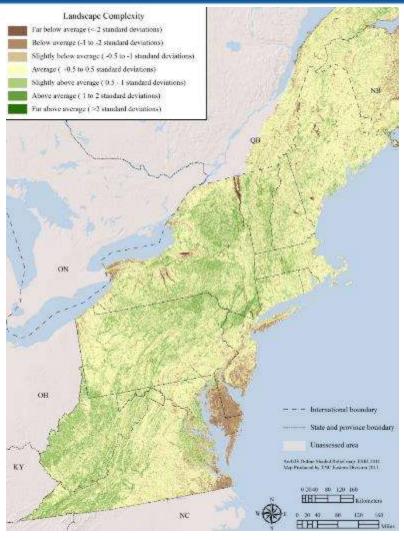
## **Landscape Connectivity**

Possibility for individuals and populations to move among these microclimates



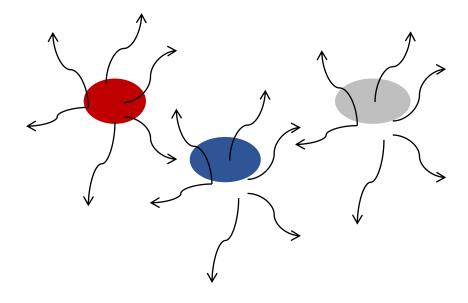
## **Landscape Complexity**

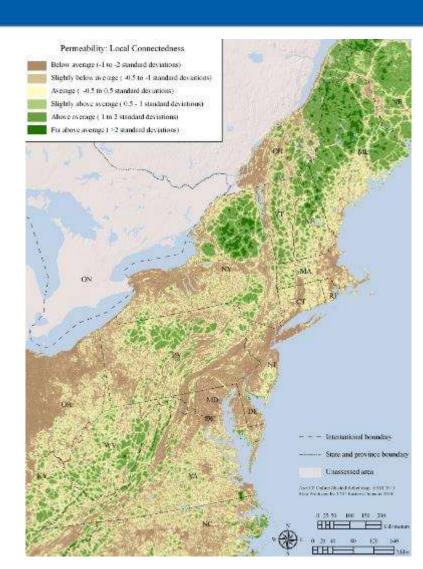




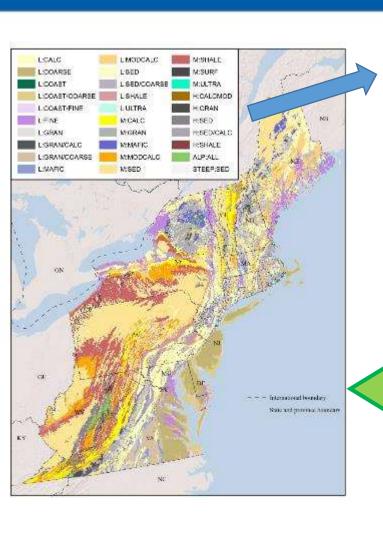
### **Landscape Connectivity**

# The degree to which the landscape supports movement





## Complexity + Connectivity: Resilient Network that Represent a Full Suite of Biodiversity



30 Settings: Geology & Elevation

Resilience =
Complexity
Connectivity
within each setting

Goal:
Protect the stage,
not the actors

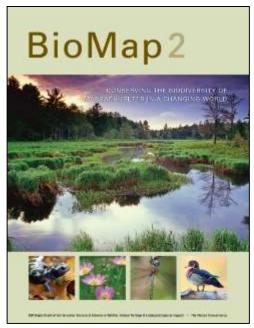






## BioMap2





Intact Forests
Intact Wetlands
Intact Rivers
Vernal Pools
Intact Landscape

...long-term persistence of species and their habitats, natural communities, and a diversity of ecosystems

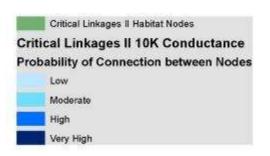
## Critical Linkages II

Conservation Nodes

Conservation Areas

### Conductance

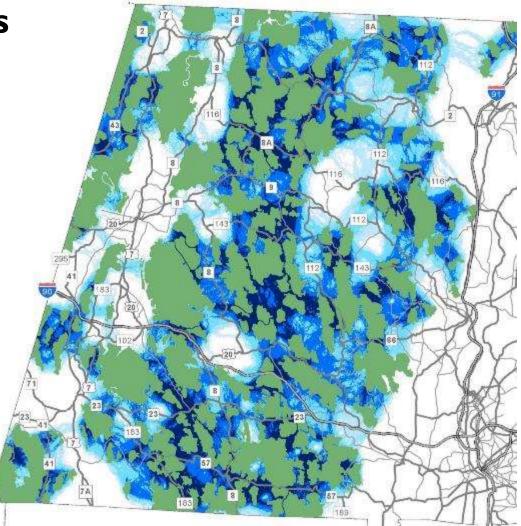
- Probability of animals moving











### www.massaudubon.org/mappr

#### **OUR CONSERVATION WORK**

Wildlife Research & Conservation

Land Conservation

**Ecological Management** 

### Education & Community Outreach

Sustainable Planning & Development

**Losing Ground Report** 

Shaping the Future of Your Community Program

Preservation & Development Toolkit

Guidebook to Involvement in Your Community

Cost Effective Low Impact Development (LID)

**MAPPR Project** 

Schools

**Partners** 

**Visitor Experience** 

### Mapping & Prioritizing Parcels for Resilience Project



Mass Audubon, in partnership with The Nature Conservancy at LandVest, developed Mapping and Prioritizing Parcels for Resilience (MAPPR) to allow Massachusetts conservationists to rapidly identify specific parcels that, if protected, could contribute the most to achieving land protection goals.

While land trusts, towns, and agencies have long relied on a wide range of maps and data sets to identify priority areas for land protection to meet their goals, MAPPR takes advantage of newly available digital parcel data to identify specific land protection opportunities. MAPPR also helps land trusts, towns, and agencies to easily define and refine their priorities, discover new opportunities, and extract the data necessary to take the next steps in land

Resources

MAPPR Tool

Resources

#### Questions

For more information: MAPPR@massaudubon.org

**Project Partners** 





## MAPPR: 3 Steps

2

3

### Select a study area

•Town, county, or watershed

### **Choose model**

- •Choose a pre-calculated model (balanced, resilience, aquatic, or biological)
- •Choose specific model values

### **Run & Review Results**

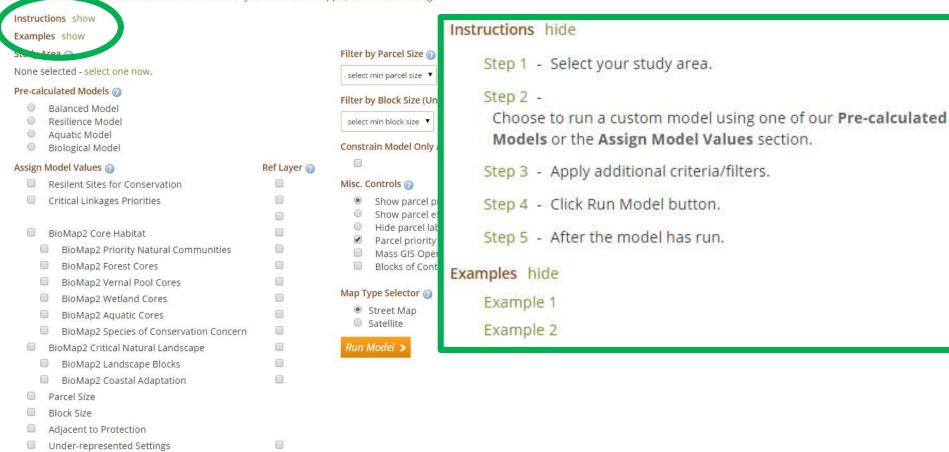
- •Review results, including priority scoring and parcel ownership
- Adjust optional filters and constraints

**Values:** Resilient Sites for Conservation, Critical Linkages Priorities, BioMap2 Core Habitat, Parcel Size, Block Size, Adjacent to Protection

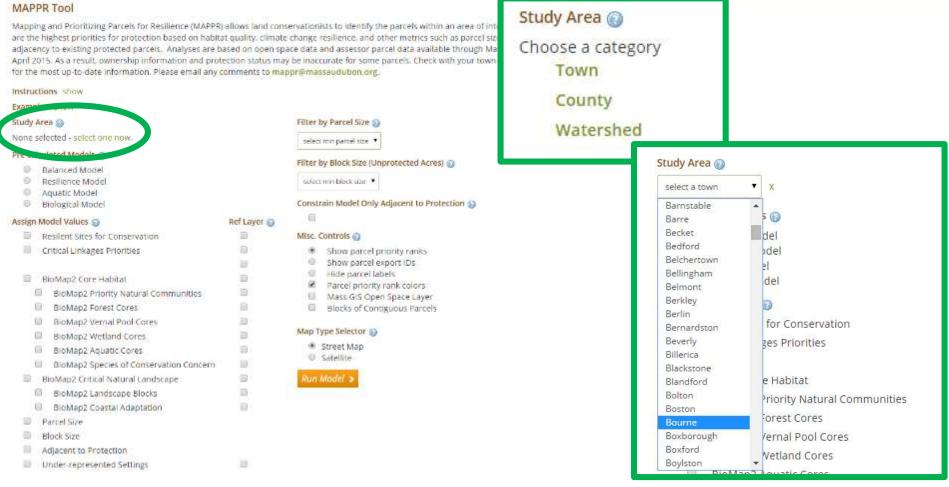
## Instructions & Examples

#### MAPPR Tool

Mapping and Prioritizing Parcels for Resilience (MAPPR) allows land conservationists to identify the parcels within an area of interest that are the highest priorities for protection based on habitat quality, climate change resilience, and other metrics such as parcel size and adjacency to existing protected parcels. Analyses are based on open space data and assessor parcel data available through MassGIS as of April 2015. As a result, ownership information and protection status may be inaccurate for some parcels. Check with your town assessor for the change resilience, and other metrics such as parcel size and



# I.WHERE Choose a study area

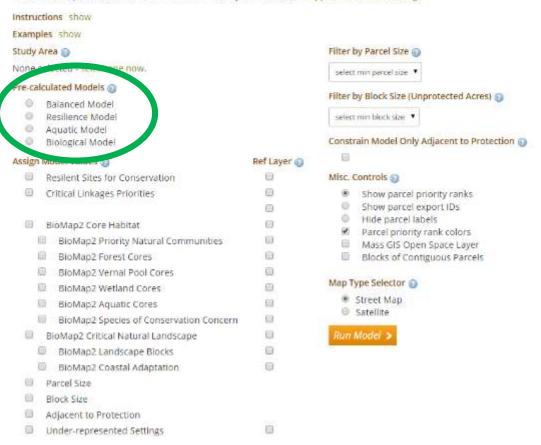


**Coming soon:** Regional Land Trusts and Mass DFW Districts

## 2.WHAT Choose a pre-calculated model

#### MAPPR Tool

Mapping and Prioritizing Parcels for Resilience (MAPPR) allows land conservationists to identify the parcels within an area of interest that are the highest priorities for protection based on habitat quality, climate change resilience, and other metrics such as parcel size and adjacency to existing protected parcels. Analyses are based on open space data and assessor parcel data available through MassGIS as of April 2015. As a result, ownership information and protection status may be inaccurate for some parcels. Check with your town assessor for the most up-to-date information. Please email any comments to mappr@massaudubon.org.



#### Pre-calculated Models @



- Balanced Model
- Resilience Model
- Aquatic Model
- Biological Model

# 2.WHAT Or choose your own adventure

#### are the highest priorities for protection based on habitat quality, climate change resilience, and other metrics such as parcel size and adjacency to existing protected parcels. Analyses are based on open space data and assessor parcel data available through MassGIS as of April 2015. As a result, ownership information and protection status may be inaccurate for some parcels. Check with your town assessor for the most up-to-date information. Please email any comments to mappr@massaudubon.org. Instructions show Examples show Study Area 📦 Filter by Parcel Size a None selected - select one now, select min percel size. Y Pre-calculated Models (3) Filter by Block Size (Unprotected Acres) @ Balanced Model Resilience Model select with block star. \* Aquatic Model Biological Model Constrain Model Only Adjacent to Protection 20 Assign Model Values @ Ref Laver Misc. Controls 60 8 Critical Linkages Priorities Show parcel priority ranks Show parcel export IDs. 1 Hide parcel labels Ð BioMap2 Core Habitat Parcel priority rank colors BioMap2 Priority Natural Communities Ð Mass GIS Open Space Layer BioMap2 Forest Cores Blocks of Contiguous Parcels 8 BloMap2 Vernal Pool Cores Map Type Selector () 40 BioMap2 Wetland Cores Street Map 8 BioMap2 Aquatic Cores Satellite 픠 BioMap2 Species of Conservation Concern Œ Rum Model 3 BioMap2 Critical Natural Landscape 0 BioMap2 Landscape Blocks BioMap2 Coastal Adaptation 8 Parcel Size Block Size Adjacent to Protection

8

Mapping and Prioritizing Parcels for Resilience (MAPPR) allows land conservationists to identify the parcels within an area of interest that

MAPPR Tool

Under-represented Settings

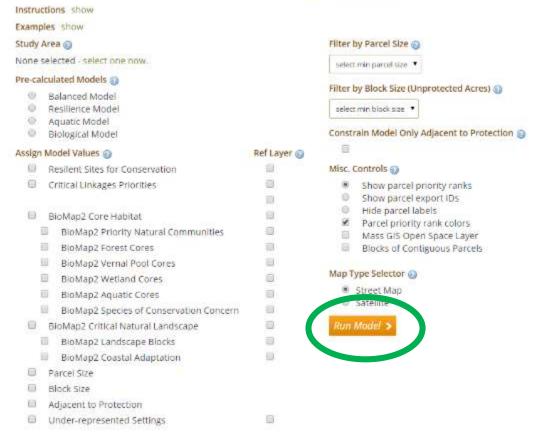
Assign Model Values 🚯	Ref Layer 📵
<ul> <li>Resilent Sites for Conservation</li> </ul>	
Critical Linkages Priorities	
BioMap2 Core Habitat	
BioMap2 Priority Natural Communities	
☐ BioMap2 Forest Cores	
☐ BioMap2 Vernal Pool Cores	
☐ BioMap2 Wetland Cores	
☐ BioMap2 Aquatic Cores	
☐ BioMap2 Species of Conservation Concern	
<ul> <li>BioMap2 Critical Natural Landscape</li> </ul>	
☐ BioMap2 Landscape Blocks	
☐ BioMap2 Coastal Adaptation	
Parcel Size	
Block Size	
Adjacent to Protection	
<ul> <li>Under-represented Settings</li> </ul>	

Coming soon: Prime Farmland, Surface Water Protection Zones, and Wellhead Protection Areas

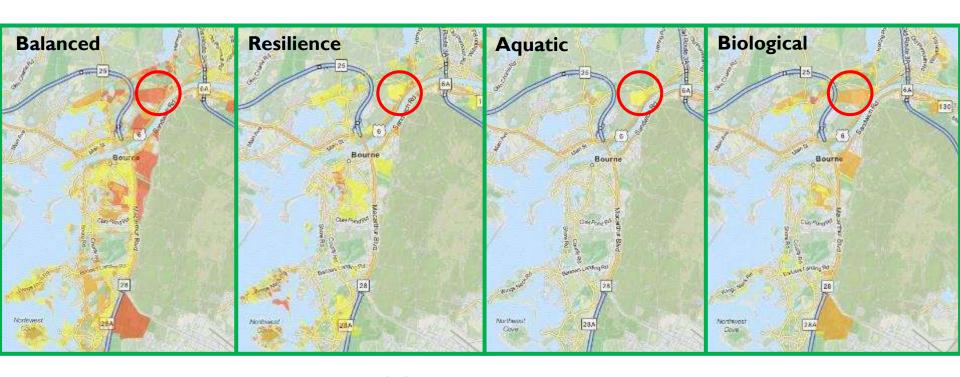
# 3. RUN Run model and view results

#### MAPPR Tool

Mapping and Prioritizing Parcels for Resilience (MAPPR) allows land conservationists to identify the parcels within an area of interest that are the highest priorities for protection based on habitat quality, climate change resilience, and other metrics such as parcel size and adjacency to existing protected parcels. Analyses are based on open space data and assessor parcel data available through MassGIS as of April 2015. As a result, ownership information and protection status may be inaccurate for some parcels. Check with your town assessor for the most up-to-date information. Please email any comments to mappr@massaudubon.org.

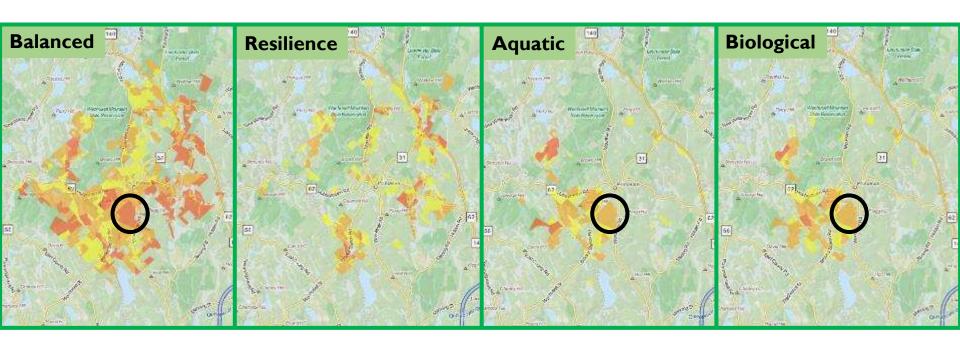


# The different models. Example: Bourne



# Priority High Priority Parcels Medium Priority Parcels Lower Priority Parcels

# The different models. Example: Princeton

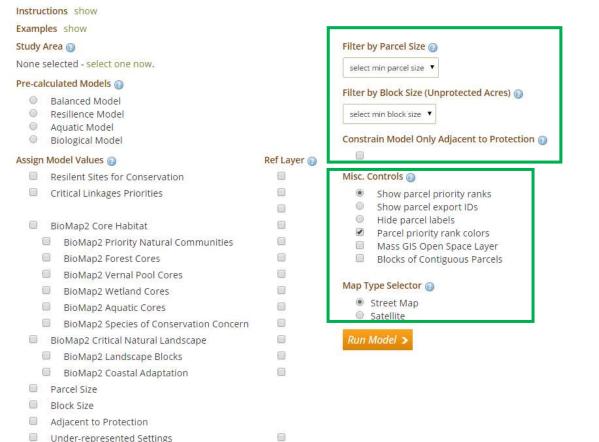


# Priority High Priority Parcels Medium Priority Parcels Lower Priority Parcels

### Additional considerations

#### MAPPR Tool

Mapping and Prioritizing Parcels for Resilience (MAPPR) allows land conservationists to identify the parcels within an area of interest that are the highest priorities for protection based on habitat quality, climate change resilience, and other metrics such as parcel size and adjacency to existing protected parcels. Analyses are based on open space data and assessor parcel data available through MassGIS a April 2015. As a result, ownership information and protection status may be inaccurate for some parcels. Check with your town assess for the most up-to-date information. Please email any comments to mappr@massaudubon.org.







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"Health is the capacity of the land for self-renewal.

**Conservation** is our effort to understand and preserve this capacity."

- Aldo Leopold 1949